L-4/T-1/ ARCH Date: 04/05/2024

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B.Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: ARCH 461 (Survey and Research Methods)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer question Q. No. 1 and any TWO from the rest.

- Distinguish between sample and sampling unit. Critically evaluate various methods for the sample selection process under probability sampling with examples. (6+22=28)
- 2. Define case study. What should be the desired skills of a case study investigator? (5+16=21)
- What considerations are made while preparing interview questionnaire? Write down the advantages and disadvantages of interview as a data collection method. (5+16=21)
- 4. Write short notes on any three of the following methods of data collection. $(3\times7=21)$
 - (a) Surveys (b) Focused group discussions (c) Key informants (d) Observations

SECTION - B

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer question Q. No. 5 and any TWO from the rest.

- 5. Briefly describe the following research types with examples-
 - (a) Descriptive research (b) Exploratory research (c) Applied research
 - (d) Experimental research
- 6. Discuss the different steps involved in a research process. Why is it vital to systematically follow the research process? (16+5=21)

 $(4 \times 7 = 28)$

- 7. Briefly describe the theoretical and ethical factors that affect the choice of research methods. (21)
- 8. What is Quantitative and Qualitative research? Write down the strengths and weaknesses of Quantitative and Qualitative research. (5+16=21)

19|05|2021 ate: 28/04/2024

L-4/T-1/ARCH

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: ARCH 809 (Health Facilities Planning and Design)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

$\underline{SECTION - A}$

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 1 and 2 and any ONE from Q. No. 3-4.

1.	(a) Explain different types of single-room layouts based on toilet position using a sketch.(b) Which layout approach would you prefer for a hospital's inpatient unit: single-bed or multi-bed, and why?	(13) (10)
2.	(a) Discuss the factors that need to be considered while designing and planning the Emergency Department of a hospital.(b) Compare various Emergency Department layouts in terms of functional efficiency.	(13) (10)
3.	(a) What are the planning and design objectives of the outpatient department?(b) Illustrate various operational models of an outpatient department layout with sketches.	(10) (14)
4.	(a) Briefly discuss different zones of the Operation Theater (OT) unit and their associated area.(b) Compare the single corridor and racetrack model of the Operation Theater (OT) unit in terms of infection control.	(10) (14)
	SECTION – B There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 5 and any TWO from the rest.	
5.	Evaluate different types of secondary hospital layouts that have been utilized in Bangladesh throughout history.	(24)
6.	(a) Identify the factors that affect hospital utilization in the context of a developing country. (b) Assume that the population of a district is 450000, the average length of stay in the hospital is 5 days, and the annual admission rate is 1 per 20 population. Calculate the number of beds and total area for a proposed hospital considering the bed occupancy rate of 80%.	(13)
7.	(a) What are the important design considerations to keep in mind while masterplanning a hospital?(b) Illustrate a clear process for successful hospital planning, outlining all the necessary steps.	(10) (13)
8.	(a) What organizational policies should be considered during planning stage of a hospital to perform its functions?(b) Please provide your insights on the key factors to consider while selecting a site for a district hospital.	(10)

19/05/2024

L-4/T-1/ARCH

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: ARCH 815 (Industrial Building Design)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 1 and any TWO from the rest.

1.	 (a) Define Industry and Industrial Building. (b) Justify the importance of legislation related to Industrial building design in the 	(12)
	context of Bangladesh.	(18)
2.	(a) Define factory.(b) Classify the types of factory based on the nature of manufacturing process and impact	(5)
	on the landscape.	(15)
3.	(a) What measures should an architect consider in proposing a master plan of industrial building?	(10)
	(b) Briefly describe the factors that affect the location of an industry.	(10)
4.	Analyze the impact of innovations and interventions during 19th century on industrial building.	(20)
	SECTION – B	
	There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 5 and any TWO from the rest. Use sketches where necessary.	
5.	(a) Discuss different colour coding system of safety signs and symbols in industrial buildings.	(15)
	(b) Present a comparative analysis of different types of roof forms.	(15)
6.	Explain how architects can contribute in designing green industrial buildings in	. (20)
	Bangladesh.	(20)
7.	Analyse the design criteria for the loading and unloading areas of industrial buildings.	(20)
8.	Describe the measures to reduce noise and glare level while designing an industrial building.	(20)

19/05/2024 Date: 28/04/2024

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: PLAN 821 (Theory and Practice of Planning)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE.

1.	(a) Explain the notion of planning theory.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Appraise how advocacy planning serves the distressed group of population.	(16)
-		
2.	(a) Describe the problems associated with participatory planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Discuss the differences between Rational Comprehensive Strategy and Disjointed	
	Incremental Strategy of planning.	(16)
3.	(a) Compare bottom-up approach with top-down approach of planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
-	(b) Analyze the participatory wealth ranking tool of PRA method.	(16)
4.	(a) Demonstrate the example of normative planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Differentiate between Blue-print and Process planning.	(16)
•	SECTION – B	
	There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE.	,-
5.	(a) Appraise the salient features of Sector Model.	(9)
	(b) Outline the specific functions that a structure plan should identify with reasoning.	(7)
	(c) State the need for a middle order local plan. Identify the limitations of Dhaka Master	()
	Plan 1959 and briefly discuss its implications on the subsequent development of Dhaka.(3+	$4\frac{1}{3} = 7\frac{1}{3}$
	Contd P/2	

L-4/T-1/ARCH

BANGLADE'SH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: ARCH 825 (Introduction to Interactive, Smart and Intelligent Architecture)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 1 and any TWO from the rest.

- 1. (a) Define the concept of "interaction" in architecture. (5)
 - (b) State the purpose of introducing interaction in architecture. (5)
 - (c) Discuss in detail a real-world interactive project (architecture or art installation) that demonstrates "open-ended" interaction. Explain the project's technological aspects, its interaction loop, active participants, and the way in which interaction reaches open-endedness. (Use sketches as needed). (20)

2. (a) Explain how architecture can embody the 'interactive essence". (10)

- (b) Describe the history and evolution of interactive architecture. (10)
- 3. Explain with illustrations the use of Internet-of-Things for the following.
 - (a) Smart Home (10)
 - (b) Smart Office (10)
- 4. Discuss elaborately two real-world examples in architecture that demonstrate the use of interactive technologies for environmental control. Use sketches to explain the interactions. (20)

SECTION - B

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer Q. No. 5 and any TWO from the rest.

5. Write short notes on the following.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- (a) Reactive vs. Open-Ended systems
- (b) Sensor technologies in Architecture
- (c) Smart vs. Intelligent Architecture
- (d) Robotics in Architecture
- (e) Intelligent skins for buildings

Contd P/2

ARCH 825

6.	(a) Define Embedded Computation (EC).	(5)
	(b) Describe the major components of EC.	(5)
	(c) Discuss the purpose and evolution of EC in the field of architecture.	(10)
7.	(a) Define Mediated Environments (ME).	(5)
	(b) Explain with examples how ME may assist people at home and in the streets.	(15)
8.	(a) What are the characteristics of a smart material?	(5)
	(b) Discuss the various types of smart materials used in the field of art and architecture.	
	Give <u>five examples</u> .	(15)

L-4/T-1/ARCH Date: 23/04/2024

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: PLAN 411 (Basic Planning)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE questions.

1.	(i) SDG, (ii) Perspective Plan 2041,	(3×4=12)
	(iii) Zoning.(b) Discuss how physical forms of people's dwelling unit changed from pre-historic period till the formation of cities.	(11 1/3)
2.	(a) Briefly outline landuse planning principles with relevant examples.(b) 'The horizontal expansion of London was stopped due to green belt, but London continued its growth by densification theory vertical expansion'- Illustrate the context of Green Belt and discuss the additional measures taken to control the population growth of	?
	London.	(13 1/3)
3.	(a) Generalize some characters of pre-industrial cities with example.	(7 1/3)
	(b) Demonstrate how industrialization influenced the emergence of city planning.	(16)
4.	(a) Summarize the key inventions that expedite the process of industrialization.(b) "City's character depends on three indicators" – In this context define the character of	(7½)
	'Chattogram' city.	(16)
	SECTION – B There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE questions.	
5.	(a) Define planning. State the considerations of democratic planning process.	(6)
	(b) State the differences between growth and development.	(10)
	(c) Write down the criticisms of traditional planning approach.	$(7 \frac{1}{3})$
6.	(a) Explain the differences between sectoral and spatial planning.(b) Discuss how functionality and social justice can be achieved in spatial planning	(5)
	process.	(10)
	(c) Explain the concept of systems approach in planning.	$(8 \frac{1}{3})$
7.	(a) Draw a sketch depicting domains of development planning.	(10)
	(b) List the stages in planning process.	(6)
	(c) Do you consider the stages in planning process cyclical? Explain your answer.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
8.	(a) Write down the strength of structure planning over traditional planning approach.(b) Explain how you think the concept of advocacy planning can help the disadvantaged	(8)
	group of people to be heard in planning process.	(12)
	(c) Define participatory planning process.	$(3\frac{1}{3})$

Date: 25/03/2024

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

Sub: CE 467 (Structure IV: Elements of Building Structure)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

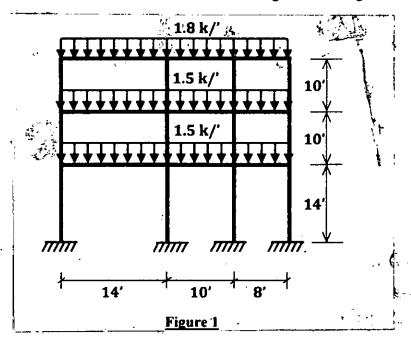
There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE Questions.

Assume reasonable values for missing data, if any.

1. Using the approximate method of analysis for gravity loads, draw the bending moment diagram for all the columns and girders, the shear force diagram of the girders, and the axial force diagram of the columns for the frame shown in Figure 1. All the columns

have the same cross-section and are uniform throughout the height.

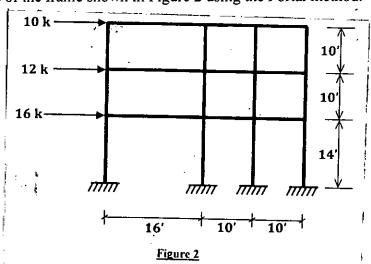
 $(23\frac{1}{3})$



2. Draw the shear force diagram and bending moment diagram for all the girders &

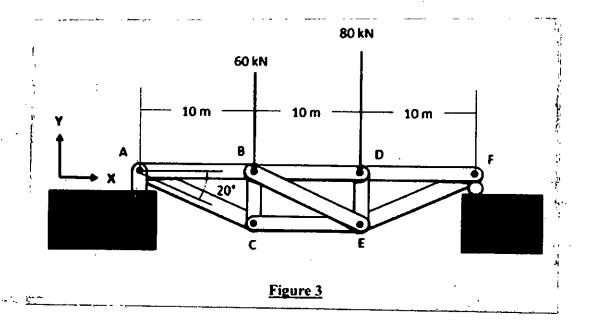
columns of the frame shown in Figure 2 using the Portal method.

 $(23\frac{1}{3})$

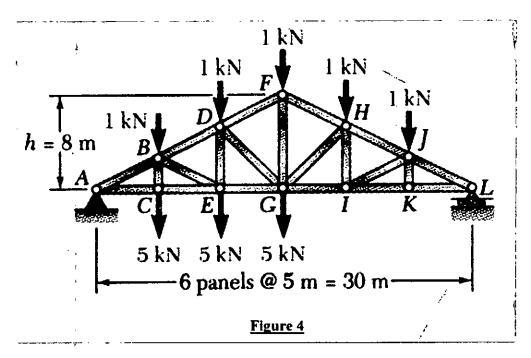


CE 467 (ARCH)

3. Find the force acting in each of the truss bridge members by the method of joints shown in Figure 3. Remember to specify if each member is in tension or compression. (23 $\frac{1}{3}$)



4. Determine the internal forces in members FH, GH, and GI of the following truss shown in Figure 4 using the method of sections. Indicate the nature of the forces also. (23 $\frac{1}{3}$)



SECTION – B

There are **FOUR** questions in this section. Answer any **THREE** Questions.

Assume reasonable values for missing data, if any.

5. (a) What are the basic differences between pre-stressed concrete and reinforced concrete?

(5)

(b) A simply supported 24 ft span prestressed concrete rectangular beam has a cross section of 16 inches X 24 inches. The beam is loaded by a uniform load of 2.0 kips/ft excluding its self-weight. The prestressing tendon has an eccentricity of 6 inches and produces an effective prestress of 250 kips. Compute the fiber stresses in concrete at the mid span section and show the stress distribution in neat sketch.

 $(18\frac{1}{3})$

Select the lightest W section of A992 steel to serve as a pinned-end main member column of 15 ft long to carry an axial compression load of 110 kips dead load and 140 kips live load. Use ASD approach. Given F_y, = 50 ksi, E = 29,000 ksi.
 (Make only two trials. Assume KL/r = 80 and 90 for first and second trial respectively and then comment on your results).

 $(23\frac{1}{3})$

7. Select the lightest W section to carry a uniformly distributed dead load of 1.1 kip/ft superimposed (i.e., in addition to the beam weight) and 2.1 kip/ft live load. The simply supported span is 18 ft. The compression flange of the beam is fully supported against lateral movement. Use ASD approach and select for the A36 (Fy = 36 ksi) steel. Also determine the shear stress distribution of the design beam section subjected to a service load shear force of 140 kips.

 $(23\frac{1}{3})$

8. (a) Define bearing capacity of soil. Discuss how the bearing capacity of soil can be improved.

(6)

(b) Where pile foundation is used in the construction? What is the difference between pre-cast and cast-in-situ piles?

(8)

(c) What are the different structural systems used in high-rise buildings to resist lateral loads, and how does each system work to provide stability?

 $(9\frac{1}{3})$

ANNEXURE

$$F_{cr} = \left[0.658^{\frac{r_{b}}{r_{e}}}\right] F_{y} \quad \text{For } \frac{KL}{r} \le 4.71 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_{y}}} \quad \text{or} \quad F_{e} \ge 0.44 F_{y}$$

$$F_{cr} = 0.877 F_{e} \qquad \text{For } \frac{KL}{r} > 4.71 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_{y}}} \quad \text{or} \quad F_{e} < 0.44 F_{y}$$

$$F_{e} = F_{cr} = \frac{\pi^{2} E}{\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)^{2}}$$

Required
$$Z_x = \frac{\Omega M_a}{F_y}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{b_f}{2t_f} < \lambda_{pf} = \frac{65}{\sqrt{F_x, \text{ksi}}}$$

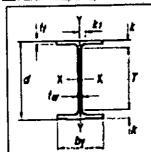


Table 1-1 (continued) **W Shapes**

Dimensions

				The			Range				Dieta ace				
·	Area,	Dept	- •	Thickn	263 ,	1.	Wk	E,	Thick	n es ,	A			7	Tart Start
2 probe	A	•	i	 4-	, 1	Ŧ	8	٧ -	l t	•	. Ame	Ray			99
	In. ³	ia		in.					ì		in.	in.	in.	ia.	<u> </u>
/12-58	17.0	12.2			¥*	411	10.0	10	0.640	4	1.24	114	!Syte	974	514
×12-33		1 1	12	0.345	3/4	Y	10.0	10	0.575	4/14	1.18	170	1411	9%	51/2
	1				•.	24		8 ¹ A		Sys.	1.14	116	15/14	94	572
V12×50		1 1		0.370	4.	Y	8.08 8.05		0.640 0.575	70 710	1.08	140	13/14	اتنا	ĺ
×45		1 1	12	0.335	the .	70	1 1		0.515		1.02	130	1/2	🛊	•
× 40	11.7	11.9	12	0.295	Yw	710	8.01	8	0.313	′′′			-		
V 12×35°	10.3	12.5	1242	0.300	¥ω	¥10	6.56	Ø.	0.520	'h	0.820		3/4	10%	2/4
× 30°	8.79	12.3	1234	0.260	y.	Уb	6.52		0.440	7A+	0.740		34		¥
126°			1244	0.230	¥4	Ye	6.49	61/2	0.380	70	0.680	11As	3/4	🔻	¥
una 22:	6 10	12.3	129.	0.250	74	<u>پر</u> ا	4.03	4	0.425	Pre	0.725	-1√π	¥ta.	10%	274
W12× <i>22</i> ° 19°		1		0.235	Y.	y _a	4.01		0.350	478	0.650	7	916		- 1
× 16 ^t		12.0	12	0.220	γ.	V 8	3.99		0.265	1 '-	0.565	17/1	*As	1	
× 14 ⁴		11.9		0.200	3/18) y ₀	3.97	I	0.225		0.525	44	*/*	▼	V
×147	1.10	1 1		1 1		``	1	ŀ		1		14/4	1	7%	512
M10×112	32.9	11.4		0.755		3/3	10.4	1004	1.25	1'A	1.75	1 ¹² /8		77	1
×100	29.4	11.1		0.680	¹¥∎	74	10.3		1	1'4	1.62	1 7/16	ta _{ée}		
×86	25.9			0.605	₩.	¥.	10.3	10/4	0.990		1,49 1,37	1 ¥ 1s	n in		
× 7 7	22.6	1	1	0.530	¥2	74	10.2	10/4	0.870	1	1.27	1/-	7	1 1	
-68	23.0	10.4		0.470	¥2	74	10.1	101/e 101/e	0.770	1		170	141		ii
×60	17.6	10.2	l .	0.420	718	Y4 14	10.1	107	0.615	I	1.12	1410	13/1	1 1	
×54	15.8	10.1	1	0.370	3/a 5/m	415	10.0	10	0.560		1.06	174	191		🔻
49	14.4	10.0	10	0.340	TW	F 13				1		l _		1	
W10>45	13.3	10.1	107	0.350	3/4	719	8.002	8	0.620	1	1.12	194	14/14		514
>39	11.5	992		0.315	40	Yie	7.99		0.530		1.03	1¥u	1710	1	₩
-33	9.7	9.73	94	0.290	¥te.	714	7.96	8	0.435	7 /10	0.935	17/0	34	•	•
W10×30	20	10.5	109	0.300	4-	y _n	5.81	94	0.510	מי	0.810	1'/2	170	874	241
₩10×30 -26			1	0.260	y4	7.	5.77	1	0.440		0.740	11/46	11/10		1
·22'	1	9 10.2	ı	0.240	74	7.	5.75		0.360	70	0.860	thit	•	🔻	₹
-44			1	1		``	1	1		1		1 24te	4,	5%	210
W10×19		-,	1	0.250		y.	4.02		0.39		0.690	'l ''	100	1	
×17*		- 1	ł.	0.240	V.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4.01	N .	0.330	1	0.570		ı,		
.× 15°		1 10.0	10	0.230) Ye	4.00		0.270		0.510	', '-	A	İ	♦
≭12 [~]	3.5	4 9.87	97	0.190	Ye	70	3.98	' l'	10210	' ""	ויבטון	1 **		`	, ·
				1			1		l		1				1
•	}				1	1	i				1	1	1		1
	1	ļ	1		I		ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1				ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ			

Shape example compact that for frame with $F_{\rm e}\approx50$ km. The actual star, combination, and orientation of fasteries components about the

Shape does not must be $M_{\rm tot}^2$ limit for show in Specification Section G2.1a with $\ell_g=50$ km.

ANNEXURE

Table 1-1 (continued) W Shapes Properties

W12 - W10

ten-	Compact Section Criteria			Auts	X- X			Axis V-Y					Terdenel Properties	
101.	<u>Cm</u>	N. II	 ,	S		2		5	,	Z	*	•	J	C _w
Δ'n	22,	 	in.	In. 3	in.	In.	In.4	10.7	la.	in.	in.		18.4	100
58	7.82	27.0	475	78.0	528	86.4	107	21.4	2.51	325	2.82	11.6	210	3570
53	8.69	28.1	425	70.6	5.23	779	95.8	19.2	2.48	29.1	279	11.5	1.58	3160
50	6.31	26.8	391	64.2	518	719	56.3	13_9	1.96	21.3	225	11.6	1.71	1880
45	7.00	29.6	348	57 .7	5.15	64.2	50.0	12.4	1.95	19.0	223	11.5	1.26	1650
40	7.77	336	307	51.5	5.13	57.0	44.1	11.0	1.94	16.8	2.21	11.4	0.906	140
35	6 3	35.2	285	45.6	5.25	51.2	24.5	7.47	1.54	11.5	1.79	120	0.741	879
30	7.41	41.8	238	38.6	5.21	43.1	20.3	6.24	1.52	9.56	177	11.9	0.457	720
26	8.54	47.2	204	33.4	5.17	37.2	17.3	5.34	1.51	8.17	1.75	11.8	0300	607
22	474	41.8	156	25.4	4.91	29.3	4.66	231	0.848	3.66	1.04	11.9	0.293	164
19	5.72	46.2	130	21.3	482	24.7	3.76	1.88	0.822	298	1.02	11.8	0.180	131
16	7.53	49.4	103	17.1	4.57	20.1	2.82	1.41	0773	2.26	0.962	11.7	0.103	96.9
14	8.82		88.6	14.9	4.62	17.4	2.36	1.19	0.753	1.90	0.962	11.7	0.0704	80.4
112	4.17	104	716	126	4.65	147	236	453	2.68	69.2	3.07	10.1	151	6020
100	4.62	11.6	623	112	4.60	130	207	400	2.65	61.0	3. B	10.0	109	5150
88	5.18		534	98.5	4.54	113	179	34.8	263	53.1	299	285	7.53	4330
77			455	859	4.49	97.6	154	301	2.60	459	25	9.73	511	3630
68	6.58		394	75.7	4.44	85.3	134	264	259	40.1	2.91	863	3.56	3100
60	7.41		341	66.7	4.39	74.6	116	230	257	35.0	2.86	9.54	2.48	2640
54	8.15		303	60.0	4.37	66.6	103	20.6	2.56	313	2.86	9.48	1.62	2320
49	8.93		2772	54.6	4.35	60.4	93.4	187	254	283	284	9.42	1.30	2070
45	6.47	2.5	248	49.1	4.32	54.9	53.4	13.3	201	20.3	2 <i>2</i> 7	948	151	1200
39	7.53		209	42.1	4.27	45.8	45.0	11.3	1.98	172	2.24	9.39	0976	902
33	9.15	,	171	35.0	4.19	38.8	36.6	920	194	14.0	2.20	9,30	0.583	791
30	570		170	32.4	4.38	36.6	16.7	5.75	L37	8.84	1.60	100	0.622	414
26	6.56		144	27.9	4.35	31.3	14.1	4.59	1.36	7.50	1.58	9.89	0.402	345
22	7.99	36.9	118	23.2	4.27	26.0	11.4	397	1.33	6.10	1.55	9.81	0239	275
19	509	35.4	96.3	18.8	4.14	21.6	4.29	214	0.874	3.35	106	285	0.233	104
17	608	369	81.9	16.2	4.05	18.7	₹3.56	1.76	0845	2.80		9.78	0.155	6 5.1
15	7.41	38.5	68.9	13.8	3.95	16.0	2.89	1.45	0.810	230	1.01	9.72	0.104	68.3
12	9.43	46.6	53.8	10.9	3.90	12.6	2 18		0.785		0.253	986	0.0547	50.9
		!												

19|05|7024 Date: 28/04/2024

L-4/T-1/ARCH

Contd P/2

BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, DHAKA

L-4/T-1 B. Arch. Examinations 2022-2023

. Sub: PLAN 821 (Theory and Practice of Planning)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION - A

There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE.

1.	(a) Explain the notion of planning theory.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Appraise how advocacy planning serves the distressed group of population.	(16)
2.	(a) Describe the problems associated with participatory planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Discuss the differences between Rational Comprehensive Strategy and Disjointed	
	Incremental Strategy of planning.	(16)
3.	(a) Compare bottom-up approach with top-down approach of planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
		, •
	(b) Analyze the participatory wealth ranking tool of PRA method.	(16)
4.	(a) Demonstrate the example of normative planning.	$(7\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Differentiate between Blue-print and Process planning.	(16)
	<u>SECTION – B</u>	
	There are FOUR questions in this section. Answer any THREE.	
5.	(a) Appraise the salient features of Sector Model.	(9)
•	(b) Outline the specific functions that a structure plan should identify with reasoning.	(7)
		(1)
	(c) State the need for a middle order local plan. Identify the limitations of Dhaka Master	41/ -1:
	Plan 1959 and briefly discuss its implications on the subsequent development of Dhaka. (3+	4 1/3 = 7 1/3

PLAN 821/ARCH

U.	(a) identify the	difference between zonnig and fand use planning. Classify the basic types	
	of zoning.		$(12\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Explain the	shortcoming of Detail Area Plan 2010-15.	(6)
	(c) Appraise the	e concept of density zoning (Area FAR) incorporated in Detail Area Plan	
	2022-35.		(5)
_ ·	() D		
7.	(a) Demonstrate	e a problem tree and solution tree regarding the issue of traffic congestion	
	in Dhaka city.		$(20\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Explain the	Multiple Nuclei Model with necessary illustration.	(3)
8.	(a) Drawing re	ferences from international case studies develop some strategies that can	
	be adopted to n	nake Dhaka a sustainable city.	$(15\frac{1}{3})$
	(b) Summarize	the key points of Structure Plan 2016-35.	(8)
	1		